SUMMARY OF 2 SAMUEL

BIBLICAL PERIOD	#6 THE UNITED KINGDOM							
FOCUS	DAV	'ID'S T	RIUM	PHS	DAVID'S TRAJEDIES			
COVENANT					-	WITH DAVID]		
SCRIPTURE	1:16	5:1	8	8:1	11:1	12:11	3:3724:25	
DIVISION OF TEXT	Political victories	Spir. victo		Military victories	Adultery and murder	Turmoil in David's family	Turmoil in David's kingdom	
TOPIC	GC	D'S BL	S BLESSINGS		SIN	MORAL	FAILURE	
TOPIC	DAVID'S OBEDIENCE			ICE	DISOBED- IENCE	JUDO	GMENT	
LOCATION	DAVID IN HE	BRON	DAVID IN JERUSALEM					
TIME	7 years		33 years					

TIME LINE:

[all dates BC]

------UNITED KINGDOM OF ISRAEL-----DIVIDED KINGDOMS of Israel & Judah

c. 1147	c.1010	c. 1000 c.	970	c.930	722	587/6	539
Saul	death of	David Sol	omon	Solomon dies	Israel destroyed	Judah destroyed	Persians defeat
Anointed by	Saul;	captures -	builds the	-Rehoboam becomes	by Assyrians	by Babylonians.	Babylon
Samuel as	tribe of Judah	Jerusalem	Temple	king and alienates the	=exile	Temple destroyed =	-Edict of Cyrus
1 st King	crowns David	King of Israel		northern tribes =Civil	War	exile.	allows return of Judah

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SUMMARY OF 2 SAMUEL

BIBLICAL PERIOD	#6 THE UNITED KINGDOM							
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COVENANT					-	WITH DAVID]		
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DAVID'S TRIUMPHS AND TRAGEDIES

David son of Jesse was king of all Israel. He was king of Israel for a period of forty years; he reigned at Hebron for seven years and in Jerusalem for thirty-three. He died at a good old age, full of days, riches and honor (1 Chronicles 29: 26-28).

	or (1 Chronicles 29: 26-28).
TRIUMPH	TRAGEDY
King of Israel: 2 Samuel 2:4	Commits adultery with Bathsheba who
	becomes pregnant: 2 Samuel 11:4-11:5
David conquers Jerusalem: 2 Samuel 5:3	David arranges Uriah's murder.
	2 Samuel 11:17
David brings the Ark of the Covenant to	David confesses and repents his sin, but
Jerusalem: 2 Samuel 5:7; 1 Chr 15:25-16:3	Bathsheba's child dies,
	2 Samuel 12:10, 13, 19
God makes a Covenant with David: His	David fails to discipline his sons. His son
throne will last forever: 2 Samuel 7:16;	Amnon commits the sin of rape and incest
23:5; 1 Chr 17:16-27; 2 Chr 13:5; Sir	and is murdered by David's son Absalom.
45:25; 47:11	2 Samuel 13:14-29
David defeats the Philistines: 2 Samuel 8:1	Absalom forms a rebellion in an attempt to
	usurp David's throne; even David's trusted
	counselors desert him. 2Samuel 16-17
David defeats Moab, Ammon and Syria,	David's "beloved son" Absalom is
and brings peace to Israel: 2 Samuel 8:2-	murdered and David's throne is restored. It
10:19	is a bitter victory.
	2 Samuel 18:14, 15
God called David a man after God's own	David ignores the advice of Nathan the
heart in 1 Samuel 13:14. Even though	prophet and takes a census which results in
David sinned he always returned to God.	a plague which infects the people.
His will was completely committed to the	2 Samuel 24:2-15
will of God and as God's "beloved" (the	
meaning of David's name); he was used by	
God to perform mighty acts for the sake of	
the covenant people, Israel.	
Because he offered an unauthorized census,	David takes an unauthorized census: 2 Sam
David offers to sacrifice himself and God's	24:1-9; 15; 1 Chr 21:7-17
covenant promise to his descendants to	
save his people from a deadly plague: 2	
Sam 10-17; 1 Chr 21:1-5	
David received a vision on Mt. Moriah and	David could not build the Temple to
instructions to build God's sacrificial altar	Yahweh because he was a "man of blood;"
there: 2 Sam 24:18-25; 1 Chr 21:18-28	2 Sam 7:1-2; 1 Kgs 5:16
David received God's plans for the	
Temple; determined the service of the	
Levites and Priests, and established the	
future Temple liturgy: 1 Chr 16:1-42;	
22:126:32; 28:121	
David anointed his son Solomon, King of	
Israel: 1 Kgs 1:28-40	
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SUMMART OF TRINOS							
BIBLICAL PERIOD	#67	THE UNITED F	KINGDOM	#7 THE DIVIDED KINGDOM			
FOCUS	THE UNITED KINGDOM OF ISRAEL			THE DIVIDED KINGDOMS OF ISRAEL			
					AND JUDAH		
COVENANT		THE SIN	AI COVENA	NT [Davidic Co	ovenant]		
SCRIPTURE	1:1	3:19	9:1	12:1	-15:11	6:2922:53	
DIVISION OF TEXT	David chooses Solomon as his successor	The wisdom of King Solomon	The failures of King Solomon	The Great Schism: Civil War & political and religious division of the kingdom	Histories of kings of Israel and Judah	Elijah prophet of God	
TOPIC		SOLOMON		KINGS OF ISRAEL AND JUDAH			
	UNITED KINGDOM IN PEACE			KINGI	OOMS IN TUR	RMOIL	
LOCATION	JERUSALEM: Capital of United Israel			SAMARIA: Capital of Israel JERUSALEM: Capital of Judah			
TIME		40 years		90 years			

SUMMARY OF 1 KINGS

UNITED KINGDOM OF ISRAEL-----DIVIDED KINGDOMS of Israel & Judah

c.1147	c.1010	c.970	c.930	c. 873-853	722	586	539
Saul	death of	David dies	Solomon dies	Elijah	Israel destroyed	Judah destroyed	Persians conquer Babylon
king	Saul	Solomon king	Rehoboam king	the prophet	by Assyria	by Babylonia = the Ex	tile return of Judah begins 538

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SAUL CONTRASTED WITH DAVID

KING SAUL	KING DAVID
Saul, son of a wealthy man of the tribe of Benjamin, is anointed King of Israel	David is born in Bethlehem into the humble family of Jesse a descendant of Ruth and Boaz of the tribe of Judah
Saul's first campaigns against Israel's enemies are successful, 1Samuel 13 & 14	David, the youngest son, is the shepherd of his father's flocks
Saul separates the religious center of Israel from the political center: 1 Samuel 10:26;	David unites the political and religious center of Israel by moving the Ark of the Covenant to Jerusalem: 1 Kings 8:1ff
Saul disobeys Samuel and makes a presumptuous sacrifice: Loss of kingdom foretold 1 Samuel 13:14	When still a boy he is anointed by Samuel at God's command, 1Samuel
Makes a foolish curse that falls on his son Jonathan. 1 Samuel 14:24,44	Defeats Goliath in battle and becomes a mighty warrior.1 Samuel chapter 17
Disobeyed God's command and spared King Agag and flocks resulted in loss of kingdom 1Samuel 15:28	Marries Saul's daughter and makes a covenant of friendship with Saul's son Jonathan
Saul becomes mentally unstable. Lost fellowship with God; unanswered prayer 1Samuel 28:19	Saul attempts to kill David. David escapes and becomes an outlaw
Seeks help from a medium and receives a prediction of doom. 1Samuel 28:19	David has the opportunity to kill his enemy Saul [2 times] but refuses to kill one who is the anointed of God and king of Israel.
Defeated in battle with the Philistines, his sons are all killed. He commits suicide; end of his dynasty. 1 Samuel 31:4,6	David becomes King of Judah and 7 years later King of Israel. He reigns 40 years
Saul never submitted to Yahweh as his God. He always referred to God as "Samuel's God." 1 Sam 15:21	David love Yahweh with all his heart. See the Psalms of David

LIMITED POWER OF A KING IN DEUTERONOMY 17:14-20	SOLOMON'S FAILURE AS A KING
He must not acquire many horses	He had 12 thousand horses. 1 Kings 10:26
He must not sent to Egypt to increase the power of his army	"Solomon then built up a force of chariots and cavalry" 1 kings 10:26
He must not have many wives	700 wives and 300 concubines 1 Kings 11:3
He must not acquire vast quantities of wealth.	"The weight of gold received annually by Solomon amounted to 666 talents of gold. 1 Kings 10:14

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Readings for Biblical Period 7 THE DIVIDED KINGDOM: Lessons 17-18

		ehoboam Alie d Splits the K		1 Kings 12:1-16					
2. The	Northern Kin	gdom - Israel		1 Ki	ngs 12:12-20				
3. The	Southern Kin	gdom - Judah		1 Ki	ngs 14:21-31				
4. Elija	h, Prophet of	God		2 Ki	ngs 1:1-2:13				
5. Elisł	a, Successor	of Elijah		2 Ki	ngs 2:14-18-13	3:21			
6. The	Adventure of	the Prophet J	onah	Jona	h 1:1-4:11				
	7. Isaiah Prophesies Judgment and Destruction for Israel and Judah Isaiah 1:1-5:30								
8. Hose	a's Covenant	Lawsuit Again	nst Israel	Hos	ea 1-2:25; 9:1-	11:6			
	9. Isaiah Prophesizes the Coming of the Messiah					Isaiah 6:1-17; 7:1-9:7; 42:1-66:24			
	WORLD POWER: ASSYRIA DIVIDED KINGDOM					BABYLONIA			
	aean & Assyı					Babylonian Wars			
930	762	732	722	2 7	701	605			
Israel =	Jonah sent	-	•		Assyrians	-			
capitol	as prophet	conquer	destr	•	-	defeat Assyria			
Samaria	•	northern	the ci	•		at the battle of			
Judah =	capitol of Nineveh				the enemy withdraws.	Carchemish			
capitol Jerusalem	Inilleven	Galilee and deport the	Conqu of Isra			Assyria no longer a ed! power in region			
Jerusalelli		tribes	- Tribes			eu: power in region			
-Elijał	n prophet	eastward	to the	-					
to Israel	1 1			bign tribes					
					ht in who				
					come to be				
	to Ju	dah	knowr	n as Sa	amaritans				
			The n			es to exist until 1947 UN ng Israel and Jordan			

-----Age of the Prophets------

Black Obelisk of Shalmaneser III King of Assyria [859-824 BC] shows King Jehu of Israel paying tribute to Assyrian King; lists 261 continuous years with names and dates of Kings. Assyrians King Sennacherib's Prism verifies attack on Jerusalem in Isaiah 36-37 & 2 Kings 19:35.